

the provisions of 7 CFR part 1900, subpart D. Applications for assistance are required to identify any relationship or association with an RHS employee.

(e) Copies of all forms referenced in this subpart are available in the Agency's National Office or any Rural Development field office.

(f) An outstanding judgment obtained against an applicant by the United States in a Federal Court (other than in the United States Tax Court), shall cause the applicant to be ineligible to receive any grant or loan until the judgment is paid in full or otherwise satisfied. Grant funds may not be used to satisfy the judgment.

(g) Grants made under this subpart will be administered under, and are subject to, 7 CFR parts 3015, 3016, or 3019, as appropriate.

(h) The income data used to determine median household income must be that which accurately reflects the income of the population to be served by the proposed facility. The median household income of the service area and the nonmetropolitan median household income for the State will be determined using income data from the most recent decennial Census of the United States. If there is reason to believe that the census data is not an accurate representation of the median household income within the area to be served, this will be documented and the applicant may furnish, or the Agency may obtain, additional information regarding such median household income. Information will consist of reliable data from local, regional, State, or Federal sources or from a survey conducted by a reliable impartial source.

(i) CFG funds can be used for up to 75 percent of the cost to develop the facility, notwithstanding that other contributions may be from other Federal sources.

**§ 3570.52 Purpose.**

The purpose of CFG program is to assist in the development of essential community facilities in rural areas. The Agency will authorize grant funds on a graduated basis. Eligible applicants located in smaller communities with lower populations and lower median household incomes may receive a

higher percentage of grant funds. The amount of CFG funds provided for a facility shall not exceed 75 percent of the cost of developing the facility.

**§ 3570.53 Definitions.**

*Agency.* The Rural Housing Service (RHS), an agency of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or a successor agency.

*Approval official.* An official who has been delegated loan or grant approval authorities within applicable programs, subject to certain dollar limitations.

*CF.* Community Facilities.

*CFG.* Community Facilities Grant.

*Essential community facilities.* Those public improvements requisite to the beneficial and orderly development of a community that is operated on a non-profit basis. (See § 3570.62(a)(1)). An essential community facility must:

(1) Serve a function customarily provided by a local unit of government;

(2) Be a public improvement needed for the orderly development of a rural community;

(3) Not include private affairs or commercial or business undertakings (except for limited authority for industrial parks) unless it is a minor part of the total facility;

(4) Be within the area of jurisdiction or operation for the public bodies eligible to receive assistance or a similar local rural service area of a not-for-profit corporation; and

(5) Be located in a rural area.

*Facility.* The physical structure financed by the Agency or the resulting service provided to rural residents.

*Grantee.* An entity with whom the Agency has entered into a grant agreement under this program.

*Instructions.* Agency internal procedures available in any Rural Development office and variously referred to as Rural Development Instructions, RD Instructions.

*Minor part.* No more than 15 percent of the total floor space of the proposed facility.

*Nonprofit corporations.* Any corporation that is not organized or maintained for the making of a profit and that meets the eligibility requirements for RHS financial assistance in accordance with § 3570.61(a)(2).

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*Processing office.* The office designated by the State program official to accept and process applications for CF projects.

*Project cost.* The cost of completing the proposed facility. (Facilities previously constructed will not be considered in determining project costs.) Total project cost will include only those costs eligible for CFG assistance.

*Poverty line.* The level of income for a family of four as defined by section 673(2) of the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9902(2)).

*Public body.* Any State, county, city, township, incorporated town or village, borough, authority, district, economic development authority, or federally recognized Indian tribe in rural areas.

*Reasonable rates and terms.* The rates and terms customarily charged public and nonprofit type borrowers in similar circumstances in the ordinary course of business and subject to Agency review.

*RHS.* The Rural Housing Service, an agency of the United States Department of Agriculture, or a successor agency.

*Rural and rural area.* For fiscal year 1999, the terms “rural” and “rural area” include a city or town with a population of 20,000 or less inhabitants according to the latest decennial census of the United States. There is no limitation placed on population in open rural areas. After fiscal year 1999, the terms “rural” and “rural area” include a city, town, or unincorporated area that has a population of 50,000 inhabitants or less, other than an urbanized area immediately adjacent to a city, town, or unincorporated area that has a population in excess of 50,000 inhabitants.

*Rural Development.* A mission area within USDA which includes Rural Housing Service, Rural Utilities Service, and Rural Business-Cooperative Service.

*RUS.* The Rural Utilities Service, an agency of USDA or a successor agency.

*Service area.* The area reasonably expected to be served by the facility.

*State.* The term “State” means each of the 50 States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern

Mariana Islands, the Marshall Islands, the Republic of Palau, and the Federated States of Micronesia.

*State Director.* The term “State Director” means, with respect to a State, the Director of the Rural Development State Office.

*State nonmetropolitan median household income.* The median household income of all rural areas of a State as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.

*State strategic plan.* A plan developed by each State for Rural Development initiatives and the type of assistance required. Plans shall identify goals, methods, and benchmarks for measuring success.

### §§ 3570.54-3570.60 [Reserved]

### § 3570.61 Eligibility for grant assistance

The essential community facility must primarily serve rural areas, be located in a rural area, and the median household income of the population to be served by the proposed facility must be below the higher of the poverty line or the eligible percentage (60, 70, 80, or 90) of the State nonmetropolitan median household income (see § 3570.63(b)).

(a) *Eligible applicant.* An applicant must be a:

(1) Public body, such as a municipality, county, district, authority, or other political subdivision of a State;

(2) Nonprofit corporation or association. Applicants, other than nonprofit utility applicants, must have significant ties with the local rural community. Such ties are necessary to ensure to the greatest extent possible that a facility under private control will carry out a public purpose and continue to primarily serve rural areas. Ties may be evidenced by items such as:

(i) Association with, or controlled by, a local public body or bodies, or broadly based ownership and control by members of the community; or

(ii) Substantial public funding through taxes, revenue bonds, or other local government sources or substantial voluntary community funding, such as would be obtained through a community-wide funding campaign.

(3) Federally recognized Indian tribe in a rural area.